

Course Syllabus/Content

WDUK Level 6 Graduate Diploma in International Legal Studies

(Credits 120)

Revised Modules	Contact hours (Full-Time)	Contact hours (Part-Time)	Assessment	Teaching Methods	Passing Mark
Advanced International Commercial Law	50	50	Assignment Based	Classroom Lectures & Online	50%
Diplomatic and Consular Law	50	50	Assignment Based	Classroom Lectures & Online	50%
International Labor Law	50	50	Assignment Based	Classroom Lectures & Online	50%
Law of Armed Conflict	50	50	Assignment Based	Classroom Lectures & Online	50%
International Tax Law	50	50	Assignment Based	Classroom Lectures & Online	50%



International Competition Law	50	50	Assignment Based	Classroom Lectures & Online	50%
Refugee and Asylum Law	50	50	Assignment Based	Classroom Lectures & Online	50%
Energy Law and Policy	50	50	Assignment Based	Classroom Lectures & Online	50%
Indigenous Peoples and the Law	50	50	Assignment Based	Classroom Lectures & Online	50%
Legal Aspects of International Organizations	50	50	Assignment Based	Classroom Lectures & Online	50%



Subject	Advanced International Commercial Law
Aims and Objectives	 Provide students with an in-depth understanding of the legal principles, frameworks, and challenges in international commercial transactions. Explore advanced topics in international commercial law, including contract negotiation, financing, dispute resolution, and regulatory compliance. Analyze the role of international organizations, conventions, and legal instruments in shaping international commercial law. Foster critical thinking and analytical skills in evaluating legal issues and controversies in international commercial transactions. Prepare students for careers in international business law practice, corporate counsel, international trade, and commercial arbitration.
Learning Outcomes	 Demonstrate advanced knowledge of the legal principles governing international commercial transactions, including contract formation, interpretation, and enforcement. Identify and analyze the legal frameworks for international sales contracts, including the United Nations Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of Goods (CISG) and other international instruments. Understand the legal and regulatory considerations involved in international trade finance, including letters of credit, documentary collections, and trade finance regulations. Analyze the mechanisms for resolving international commercial disputes, including litigation, arbitration, mediation, and other alternative dispute resolution methods. Evaluate the impact of regional integration agreements, trade sanctions, and extraterritorial laws on international commercial transactions.
Credit Points:	12 credit points
Assessment	Assignment based
Teaching Mode (Full-Time)	Lectures: 60 hours Tutorials/workshop: 30 hours Private Study: 30 hours Total: 120 hours



Subject	Diplomatic and Consular Law
Aims and Objectives	 Provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the legal framework governing diplomatic and consular relations between states. Explore the historical development, principles, and functions of diplomatic and consular law in international relations. Analyze the rights, privileges, and immunities of diplomats and consular officers under international law. Examine the legal and practical aspects of diplomatic and consular missions, including accreditation, functions, and privileges. Foster critical thinking and analytical skills in evaluating legal issues and controversies in diplomatic and consular practice. Prepare students for careers in diplomatic service, international law practice, government agencies, and international organizations.
Learning Outcomes	 Define and explain the concept of diplomatic and consular law and its significance in international relations. Identify and analyze the sources of diplomatic and consular law, including treaties, customary international law, and state practice. Understand the legal principles and norms governing diplomatic relations, including diplomatic immunity, inviolability, and privileges and immunities. Analyze the legal framework for the establishment, accreditation, and termination of diplomatic missions and consular posts. Evaluate the functions and roles of diplomats and consular officers, including diplomatic negotiations, representation, and protection of nationals abroad.
Credit Points:	12 credit points
Assessment	Assignment based
Teaching Mode (Full-Time)	Lectures: 60 hours Tutorials/workshop: 30 hours Private Study: 30 hours Total: 120 hours



Subject	International Labor Law
Aims and Objectives	 Provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the legal framework governing labor rights and standards at the international level. Explore the historical development, principles, and institutions of international labor law, including the International Labour Organization (ILO). Analyze the rights, obligations, and protections afforded to workers and employers under international labor conventions and standards. Examine contemporary issues and challenges in the field of international labor law, including globalization, labor migration, and social justice. Foster critical thinking and analytical skills in evaluating legal issues and controversies in international labor relations. Prepare students for careers in labor law practice, human resources management, international organizations, and advocacy.
Learning Outcomes	 Define and explain the concept of international labor law and its significance in promoting labor rights and social justice. Identify and analyze the sources of international labor law, including conventions, recommendations, and declarations adopted by the International Labour Organization (ILO). Understand the fundamental principles and objectives of international labor law, including freedom of association, collective bargaining, and the elimination of discrimination in employment. Analyze the rights and obligations of workers and employers under international labor standards, including working conditions, wages, and social security. Evaluate the role of international organizations, such as the ILO, in setting labor standards, promoting decent work, and providing technical assistance to member states.
Credit Points:	12 credit points
Assessment	Assignment based
Teaching Mode (Full-Time)	Lectures: 60 hours Tutorials/workshop: 30 hours Private Study: 30 hours Total: 120 hours



Subject	Law of Armed Conflict
Aims and Objectives	 Provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the legal framework governing armed conflict, including international humanitarian law (IHL) and the law of war. Explore the historical development, principles, and sources of the law of armed conflict. Analyze the rights, obligations, and protections afforded to civilians, combatants, and prisoners of war during armed conflict. Examine the rules and principles governing the conduct of hostilities, including targeting, proportionality, and distinction between civilians and combatants. Foster critical thinking and analytical skills in evaluating legal issues and controversies in the context of armed conflict. Prepare students for careers in international law practice, military legal services, humanitarian organizations, and academia.
Learning Outcomes	 Define and explain the concept of the law of armed conflict and its significance in regulating the conduct of hostilities. Identify and analyze the sources of the law of armed conflict, including treaties, customary international law, and principles of humanity. Understand the fundamental principles and objectives of the law of armed conflict, including distinction, proportionality, and military necessity. Analyze the legal frameworks governing the protection of civilians, combatants, and prisoners of war during armed conflict, including the Geneva Conventions and Additional Protocols. Evaluate the rules and principles governing the conduct of hostilities, including targeting, precautions in attack, and use of prohibited weapons.
Credit Points:	12 credit points
Assessment	Assignment based
Teaching Mode (Full-Time)	Lectures: 60 hours Tutorials/workshop: 30 hours Private Study: 30 hours Total: 120 hours



Subject	International Tax Law
Aims and Objectives	 Provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the legal principles, frameworks, and challenges in international taxation. Explore the historical development and sources of international tax law, including tax treaties, domestic legislation, and principles of international law. Analyze the taxation of cross-border transactions, including international business operations, investment income, and transfer pricing. Examine the role of international organizations, such as the OECD and the United Nations, in shaping international tax policies and standards. Foster critical thinking and analytical skills in evaluating legal issues and controversies in international taxation. -Prepare students for careers in tax law practice, multinational corporations, government tax agencies, and international organizations.
Learning Outcomes	 Define and explain the concept of international tax law and its significance in the global economy. Identify and analyze the sources of international tax law, including tax treaties, domestic legislation, model conventions, and principles of international law. Understand the fundamental principles of international taxation, including residence, source, and allocation of taxing rights between countries. Analyze the taxation of cross-border transactions, including international trade, investment income, and transfer pricing. Evaluate the role of tax treaties in preventing double taxation, resolving tax disputes, and promoting international cooperation in tax matters.
Credit Points:	12 credit points
Assessment	Assignment based
Teaching Mode (Full-Time)	Lectures: 60 hours Tutorials/workshop: 30 hours Private Study: 30 hours Total: 120 hours



Subject	International Competition Law
Aims and Objectives	 Provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the legal principles, frameworks, and challenges in international competition law. Explore the historical development and sources of international competition law, including regional competition regimes and principles of competition policy. Analyze the regulation of anti-competitive practices, including cartels, abuse of dominance, and mergers, at the international level. Examine the role of international organizations, such as the World Trade Organization (WTO) and regional competition authorities, in promoting competition and regulating market behavior.
Learning Outcomes	 Define and explain the concept of international competition law and its significance in promoting market competition and consumer welfare. Identify and analyze the sources of international competition law, including treaties, agreements, case law, and principles of competition policy. Understand the fundamental principles and objectives of international competition law, including the prevention of anti-competitive practices and the promotion of market efficiency. Analyze the regulation of anti-competitive agreements, including cartels, price-fixing, and market allocation schemes, under international competition law. Evaluate the legal framework for addressing abuse of dominance and monopolization in global markets, including conduct by multinational corporations. Examine the regulation of mergers and acquisitions with international implications, including jurisdictional issues, substantive analysis, and remedies.
Credit Points:	12 credit points
Assessment	Assignment based
Teaching Mode (Full-Time)	Lectures: 60 hours Tutorials/workshop: 30 hours Private Study: 30 hours Total: 120 hours



Subject	Refugee and Asylum Law
Aims and Objectives	 Provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the legal principles, frameworks, and challenges in refugee and asylum law. Explore the historical development and sources of international refugee law, including treaties, conventions, and customary international law. Analyze the legal definition of a refugee and the criteria for granting asylum under international and domestic legal systems. Examine the rights, obligations, and protections afforded to refugees and asylum seekers under international law, including the principle of non-refoulement. Foster critical thinking and analytical skills in evaluating legal issues and controversies in refugee and asylum law, including the intersection with human rights law and immigration law.
Learning Outcomes	 Define and explain the concept of refugee and asylum law and its significance in international human rights and humanitarian law. Identify and analyze the sources of refugee and asylum law, including international conventions, treaties, and principles of customary international law. Understand the legal definition of a refugee and the criteria for granting asylum under international and domestic legal systems, including persecution, fear of persecution, and well-founded fear. Analyze the rights and obligations of refugees and asylum seekers under international law, including the right to seek asylum, protection against refoulement, and access to basic services. Evaluate the legal frameworks and procedures for determining refugee status and granting asylum, including the role of national asylum systems and international protection mechanisms.
Credit Points:	12 credit points
Assessment	Assignment based
Teaching Mode (Full-Time)	Lectures: 60 hours Tutorials/workshop: 30 hours Private Study: 30 hours Total: 120 hours



Subject	Energy Law and Policy
Aims and Objectives	 Provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the legal frameworks, policies, and challenges in the field of energy law and policy. Explore the historical development and sources of energy law, including domestic legislation, international agreements, and regulatory frameworks. Analyze the legal and regulatory frameworks governing the exploration, production, distribution, and consumption of energy resources, including fossil fuels, renewable energy, and nuclear energy. Examine the role of international organizations, government agencies, and regulatory bodies in shaping energy policies and addressing energy-related issues. Foster critical thinking and analytical skills in evaluating legal issues and controversies in energy law and policy, including environmental sustainability, energy security, and climate change mitigation.
Learning Outcomes	 Define and explain the concept of energy law and policy and its significance in the context of sustainable development, environmental protection, and economic growth. Identify and analyze the sources of energy law, including domestic legislation, international agreements, regulatory decisions, and judicial rulings. Understand the legal and regulatory frameworks governing different energy resources, including fossil fuels, renewable energy, nuclear energy, and emerging technologies. Analyze the legal and contractual arrangements for the exploration, production, and distribution of energy resources, including licensing, leasing, and concession agreements. Evaluate the role of government agencies, regulatory bodies, and international organizations in setting energy policies, regulating energy markets, and promoting energy efficiency.
Credit Points:	12 credit points
Assessment	 Assignment based
Teaching Mode (Full-Time)	Lectures: 60 hours Tutorials/workshop: 30 hours Private Study: 30 hours Total: 120 hours



Subject	Indigenous Peoples and the Law
Aims and Objectives	 Provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the legal issues, challenges, and rights of indigenous peoples within the framework of national and international law. Explore the historical context and sources of indigenous rights, including treaties, conventions, customary law, and judicial decisions. Analyze the legal frameworks and mechanisms for the recognition and protection of indigenous rights, including land rights, cultural rights, and self-determination. Examine the impact of colonization, displacement, and assimilation policies on indigenous communities and their legal status. Foster critical thinking and analytical skills in evaluating legal issues and controversies in indigenous rights law and advocacy. Prepare students for careers in indigenous rights advocacy, legal practice, government agencies, and
	international organizations.
Learning Outcomes	 Define and explain the concept of indigenous peoples' rights and their significance in the context of human rights and international law. Identify and analyze the sources of indigenous rights, including treaties, conventions, declarations, and principles of customary law. Understand the legal frameworks and mechanisms for the recognition and protection of indigenous rights, including national legislation, constitutional provisions, and international instruments. Analyze the specific rights of indigenous peoples, including land rights, cultural rights, language rights, and the right to self-determination. Evaluate the impact of historical injustices, colonization, displacement, and assimilation policies on indigenous communities and their legal status.
Credit Points:	12 credit points
Assessment	 Assignment based
Teaching Mode (Full-Time)	Lectures: 60 hours Tutorials/workshop: 30 hours Private Study: 30 hours Total: 120 hours



Subject	Legal Aspects of International Organizations
Aims and Objectives	 Provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the legal framework governing international organizations (IOs) and their activities. Explore the historical development and sources of international organizational law, including treaties, conventions, and customary international law. Analyze the legal status, privileges, and immunities of international organizations and their officials under international law. Examine the structure, functions, and powers of different types of international organizations, including intergovernmental organizations (IGOs) and nongovernmental organizations (NGOs). Foster critical thinking and analytical skills in evaluating legal issues and controversies related to the establishment, operation, and dissolution of international organizations. Prepare students for careers in international law practice, diplomatic service, government agencies, and international organizations.
Learning Outcomes	 Define and explain the concept of international organizations and their significance in global governance and cooperation. Identify and analyze the sources of international organizational law, including treaties, agreements, charters, and principles of customary international law. Understand the legal status, privileges, and immunities of international organizations and their officials, including immunity from jurisdiction and execution. Analyze the structure, functions, and powers of different types of international organizations, including specialized agencies, regional organizations, and international financial institutions. Evaluate the legal mechanisms for the establishment, amendment, and termination of international organizations, including treaty-based and customary procedures.
Credit Points:	12 credit points
Assessment	Assignment based
Teaching Mode (Full-Time)	Lectures: 60 hours Tutorials/workshop: 30 hours Private Study: 30 hours Total: 120 hours